Selecting Initial ART Regimens

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Disclosure

• None

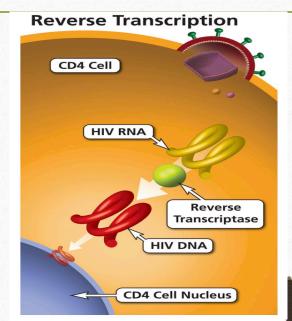
Objectives

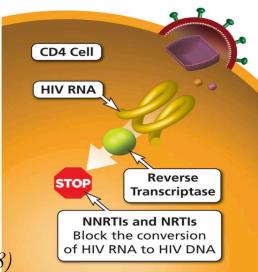
• After the completion of this activity, participants

- Will recognize the HHS guidelines recommended initial ART regimens
- Will identify factors affecting initial ART regimen
- Will apply the recommendations in their own clinical practice

- A 32 years old Caucasian male (MSM) presents with diffuse lymphadenopathy, tonsillar enlargement, and severe thrombocytopenia. Based on the testing, he is found to have acute HIV (Viral load of 134,000 copies/ml and CD4 of 367). He also has newly diagnosed syphilis, chlamydial throat infection, and chronic hepatitis C (Elevated viral load). What is the best initial regimen?
 - Dolutegravir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - Rilpivirine/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

- Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NRTIs)
 - Zidovudine (AZT or ZDV)
 - Stavudine (d4T)
 - Didanosine (ddI)
 - Abacavir (ABC)
 - Tenofovir (Disoproxil Fumarate and Alafenamide) (TDF, TAF)
 - Lamivudine (3TC)
 - Emtricitabine (FTC)
- Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NNRTIs)
 - Nevirapine (NVP)
 - Etravirine (ETR)
 - Efavirenz (EFV)
 - Rilpivirine (RPV)
 - Doravirine (DOR)

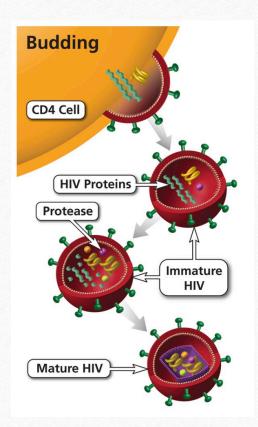


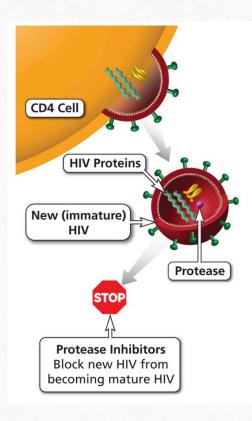


Images: HHS guidelines (last updated/reviewed Oct 25th 2018)

Protease Inhibitors

- Nelfinavir
- Saquinavir
- Lopinavir
- Indinavir
- Tipranavir
- Fosamprenavir
- Darunavir
- Atazanavir
- Ritonavir

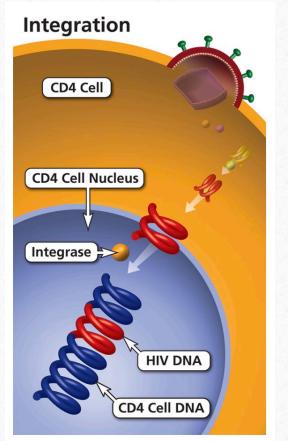


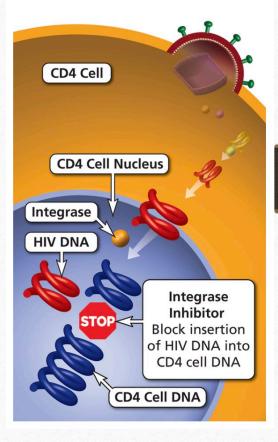


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Integrase Strand Transfer Inhibitors (INSTIs)

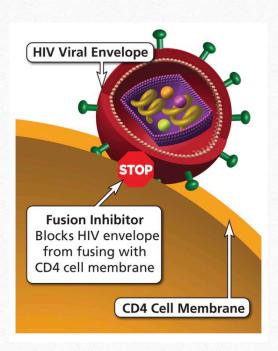
- Bictegravir
- Dolutegravir
- Elvitegravir
- Raltegravir

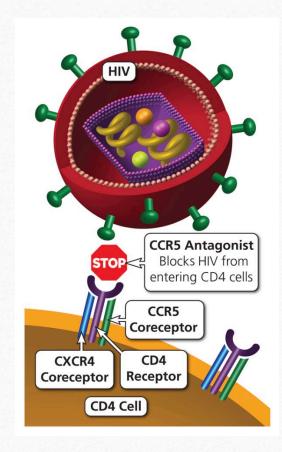




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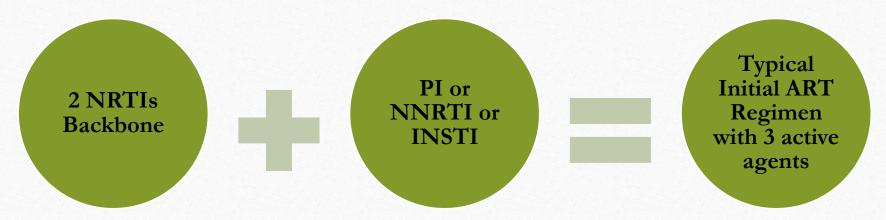
- Fusion Inhibitors
 - Enfuvirtide (T-20)
- CCR5 Antagonists
 - Maraviroc (MVC)
- Post-Attachment Inhibitors
 - Ibalizumab
- Pharmacokinetic Enhancers
 - Cobicistat (COBI)





Images: HHS guidelines (last updated/reviewed Oct 25th 2018)

A Typical Most Efficacious Regimen



Goals of ART:

- Maximally and durably suppress plasma HIV RNA
- Restore and preserve immunologic function
- Reduce HIV-associated morbidity and prolong the duration and quality of survival
- Prevent HIV transmission

HHS guidelines (last updated/reviewed Oct 25th 2018)

Recommended Initial Regimens for Most People with HIV

Recommended regimens are those with demonstrated durable virologic efficacy, favorable tolerability and toxicity profiles, and ease of use.

INSTI plus 2 NRTIs:

Note: For individuals of childbearing potential, see Table 6b before prescribing one of these regimens.

- BIC/TAF/FTC (AI)
- DTG/ABC/3TC^a (AI)—if HLA-B*5701 negative
- DTG plus tenofovir^b/FTC^a (**AI** for both TAF/FTC and TDF/FTC)
- RAL^c plus tenofovir^b/FTC^a (**BI** for TDF/FTC, **BII** for TAF/FTC)

Recommended Initial Regimens in Certain Clinical Situations

These regimens are effective and tolerable but have some disadvantages when compared with the regimens listed above or have less supporting data from randomized clinical trials. However, in certain clinical situations, one of these regimens may be preferred (see Table 7 for examples).

INSTI plus 2 NRTIs:

Note: For individuals of childbearing potential, see Table 6b before prescribing one of these regimens.

- EVG/c/tenofovir^b/FTC (**BI** for both TAF/FTC and TDF/FTC)
- RAL^c plus ABC/3TC^a (CII)—if HLA-B*5701 negative and HIV RNA <100,000 copies/mL

Boosted PI plus 2 NRTIs: (In general, boosted DRV is preferred over boosted ATV)

- (DRV/c or DRV/r) plus tenofovir^b/FTC^a (Al)
- (ATV/c or ATV/r) plus tenofovir^b/FTC^a (BI)
- (DRV/c or DRV/r) plus ABC/3TCa -if HLA-B*5701 negative (BII)

NNRTI plus 2 NRTIs:

- DOR/TDFb/3TC (BI) or DOR plus TAFb/FTC (BIII)
- EFV plus TDF^b/FTC^a (**BI** for EFV 600 mg/TDF/FTC or EFV 600 mg/TDF/3TC, **BII** for EFV 600 mg plus TAF/FTC)
- RPV/tenofovir^b/FTC^a (BI)—if HIV RNA <100,000 copies/mL and CD4 cell count >200 cells/mm³

Regimens to Consider when ABC, TAF, and TDF Cannot be Used or Are Not Optimal:

- DTG plus 3TC (BI)
- DRV/r plus RAL BID (CI)—if HIV RNA <100,000 copies/mL and CD4 cell count >200 cells/mm³
- DRV/r once daily plus 3TCa (CI)

HHS guidelines (last updated/reviewed Oct 25th 2018)

Factors to consider before initial ART selection

- Pretreatment viral load and CD4 count
- Genotype
- HLA-B*5701 status
- Individual preferences
- Anticipated adherence to the regimen
- Comorbidities/coinfections and co-existing conditions
- Regimen's barrier to resistance
- Potential adverse effects
- Known or potential drug interactions
- Convenience (e.g., pill burden, dosing frequency, availability of fixed-dose combination (FDC) formulations, food requirements)
- Cost and access

HHS guidelines (last updated/reviewed Oct 25th 2018)

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 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

Urgency
Genotype/Resistance barrier
Viral load/CD4
HLA B*5701
Potential interactions

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 - B. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - C. Rilpivirine/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

- A 29 years old female was recently diagnosed with HIV. Viral load is 150,000 copies/ml and CD4 is 344. She wants to conceive in near future and is sexually active with her boyfriend without using any contraceptives.

 Genotype is pending. HLA B*5701 is negative. What is the best regimen?
 - A. Bictegravir/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - B. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - C. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate/Emtricitabine

Potential co-existing condition Potential adverse effects

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- A 46 years old male (IV drug user) is recently diagnosed with HIV (Viral load of 85,000 and CD4 of 340). He was diagnosed with hepatitis B few months ago and has positive surface Ag on repeat testing now. HLA B*5701 is negative. Genotype testing is pending. He has h/o non-compliance to medical care and medication intake. What is the best regimen?
 - A. Bictegravir/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - B. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - C. Raltegravir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - D. Rilpivirine/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

Co-existing condition
Compliance
Genotype
Resistance barrier

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 - C. Raltegravir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - D. Rilpivirine/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

- A 58 years old female has h/o osteopenia and stage IV renal disease. She was diagnosed with HIV several years ago but has not been on medications. Now she is willing to start ART but would like to keep the number of medications minimal. Viral load is 190,000 and CD4 is 98. Genotype showed no resistance. HLA B*5701 is positive. What is the best regimen?
 - A. Bictegravir/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - B. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - C. Dolutegravir + Lamivudine
 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Raltegravir

Co-existing conditions
Viral load/CD4
HLA B*5701
Potential adverse effects
Convenience

- A 58 years old female has h/o osteopenia and stage IV renal disease. She was diagnosed with HIV several years ago but has not been on medications. Now she is willing to start ART but would like to keep the number of medications minimal. Viral load is 190,000 and CD4 is 98. Genotype showed no resistance. HLA B*5701 is positive. What is the best regimen?
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 - B. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - C. Dolutegravir + Lamivudine
 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Raltegravir

Scenario-5 (Time permitting)

- A 48 years old male was diagnosed with HIV two years ago but has not been on treatment yet. He had a massive myocardial infarction last month and he was also found to have markedly elevated LDL and total cholesterol. He is currently on optimal medical management. He says he wants to start ART as he wants to "take good care of my health now". Viral load is 145,000 copies/ml and CD4 is 160. Genotype shows no resistance and HLA B*5701 is negative. What is the best regimen?
 - A. Elvitegravir/Cobicistat/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - B. Dolutegravir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - C. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

Co-existing conditions Potential adverse effects

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 - A. Elvitegravir/Cobicistat/Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - B. Dolutegravir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine
 - C. Dolutegravir/Abacavir/Lamivudine
 - D. Darunavir + Ritonavir + Tenofovir Alafenamide/Emtricitabine

Take Home Points

- Follow the updated guidelines https://aidsinfo.nih.gov/guidelines (New evidence continues to change the recommendations)
- Keep in mind !! (Easy to make mistakes)
 - Pretreatment viral load and CD4
 - Genotype and resistance barrier
 - HLA-B*5701 status
 - Co-existing conditions
 - Interactions, formulations, preferences, convenience, adherence
 - Availability

Thank You!!!!

• Questions??